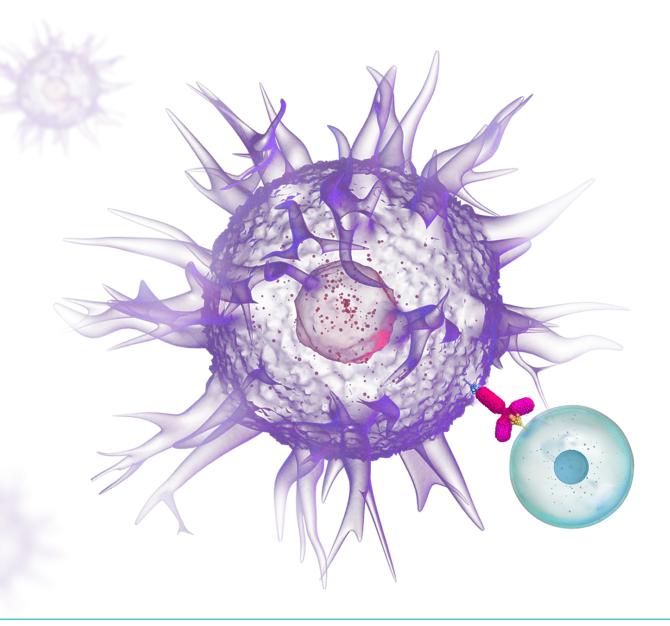
# agentals

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the federal securities laws, including statements regarding Agenus', MiNK's, and SaponiQx's clinical development and regulatory plans (including the scope of any regulatory approval and the ability to obtain priority review) and timelines for product candidates including balstilimab, zalifrelimab, botensilimab, AGEN1327, AGEN1777, AGEN2373, AGEN1571, and AGENT-797; our commercialization plans and pipeline's potential to meet multiple blockbuster opportunities; anticipated safety, efficacy, potency, activity, superior responses, and durability; our goals, milestones and value drivers; anticipated commercial market opportunities (including partnering and licensing opportunities); our ability to collect milestone and royalty payments; our ability to continue to selffinance Agenus; our ability to develop first and best in class drug candidates, adjuvants, antigens and formulations; and our ability to meet manufacturing demands. Statements containing the words "may," "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "hopes," "intends," "plans," "will," "potential," or the negative of these terms and other similar words or expressions, are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement. These risks and uncertainties include, among others, the factors described under the Risk Factors section of Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, and our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and made available on our website at www.agenusbio.com. Agenus cautions investors not to place considerable reliance on the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation. Agenus makes no express or implied representation or warranty as to the completeness of forward-looking statements or, in the case of projections, as to their attainability or the accuracy and completeness of the assumptions from which they are derived. These statements speak only as of the date of this presentation, and Agenus undertakes no obligation to update or revise the statements, other than to the extent required by law. All forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. Information that may be important to investors will be routinely posted on our website and social media channels.

Our Mission

# **To End the Suffering of Cancer Patients**



#### **AGENUS BY THE NUMBERS**

29+ years

Pioneering immunooncology (I-O) since 1994

# 9 clinical assets

>20 industry-sponsored clinical studies ongoing for owned and partnered I-O compounds

#### \$825 Million

Upfront cash and achieved milestone payments from strategic partners

# 275 employees

Experienced leadership team in developing and commercializing novel oncology therapeutics

#### 83,000 sq ft.

Current good manufacturing practice (cGMP) biologics production facility underway: clinical and commercial-grade drug substance and drug product



# ~750 patients

Dosed with botensilimab (BOT) or botensilimab/balstilimab (BOT+BAL) combo in ongoing Phase 1 & 2 studies in advanced, refractory solid tumors

# Responses in 9 tumor types

Clinical responses noted in 9 advanced, refractory solid tumors treated with BOT or BOT+BAL

#### FDA Fast Track in CRC\*

Granted in April 2023 for BOT+BAL combo in heavily pretreated metastatic microsatellite stable (MSS) colorectal cancer (CRC) without active liver mets; BLA filing planned for mid 2024

#### **BOT+BAL: REMARKABLE RESPONSES IN RESISTANT PATIENTS**

- 1 Planned BLA Filing Mid 2024 for BOT+BAL in 2/3L+ Metastatic MSS Colorectal Cancer (CRC)
- 2 Opportunity to Significantly Improve Patient Benefit in Stage 3 Neoadjuvant CRC
- 3 Potential for Multiple Supplemental BLA Filings: Pancreatic (2025), Melanoma (2025), Lung (NSCLC)
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#### **COLORECTAL CANCER: GROWING PREVALENCE WITH LARGE UNMET NEED**



#### **GOAL: DELIVER FIRST BLA FOR BOT+BAL IN MID 2024**

Target Indication: Metastatic 2/3L+ MSS CRC in patients with no active liver mets (NLM)

#### **High Unmet Need**

- CRC is the 2<sup>nd</sup> most common cause of cancer mortality in the US¹ and in Europe²
- 20% patients have metastases<sup>3</sup>
- MSS CRC represents 95% of metastatic CRC patients<sup>4</sup>
- CRC diagnosis rapidly shifting to a younger age; 43% of diagnosis will be in 45–49-year-olds<sup>5</sup>

## Robust Clinical Responses

2/3L+ Metastatic MSS CRC with NLM:

- Overall Response Rate (ORR): 24%6
- 12-Month Overall Survival (OS): 74%
- Disease Control Rate (DCR): 80%
- Median OS not reached after 12 months of follow-up (vs. 12.9 months with standard of care [SOC])
- Manageable safety profile

n=70 efficacy evaluable, median 4 prior lines of therapy; 25% failed prior I-O therapy

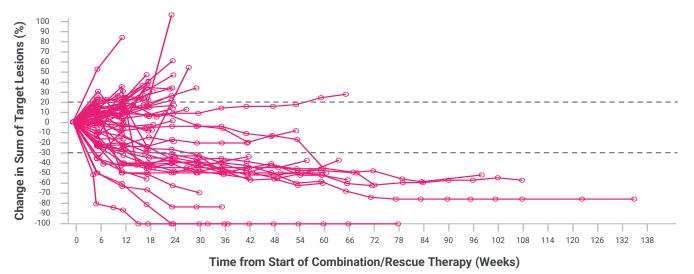
# Accelerated Approval Path

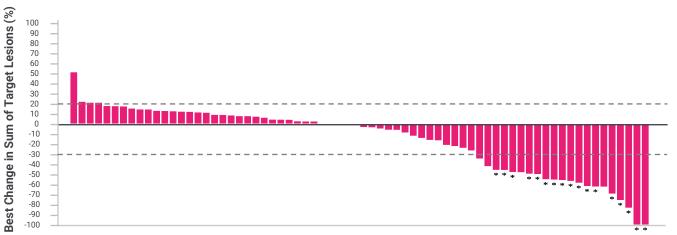
- FDA Fast Track designation in Metastatic MSS CRC with NLM\*
- Phase 2 enrollment complete (n=230);
   Study objective: dose optimization and contribution of components
- Includes SOC arm (lonsurf or regorafenib)
- Phase 3 planned in 1L for 2024 (subject to further regulatory interactions)
- BLA planned mid 2024



#### **ROBUST RESPONSES IN METASTATIC 2/3L+ MSS CRC NLM**

8x improvement in ORR to reported standard of care in patients with NLM disease





2/3L+ metastatic MSS CRC with No Active Liver Mets  Efficacy Evaluable Population (n=70)				
Confirmed ORR, % (95% CI)	<b>24%</b> (15%, 36%)			
BOR, n (%)				
CR	1 (1%)			
PR	16 (23%)			
SD	39 (56%)			
PD	14 (20%)			
DCR (CR + PR + SD), % (95% CI)	<b>80%</b> (69%, 89%)			
Responses ongoing	10 (59%)			
Median follow-up, months (range)	12.3 (1.4 – 40.5)			

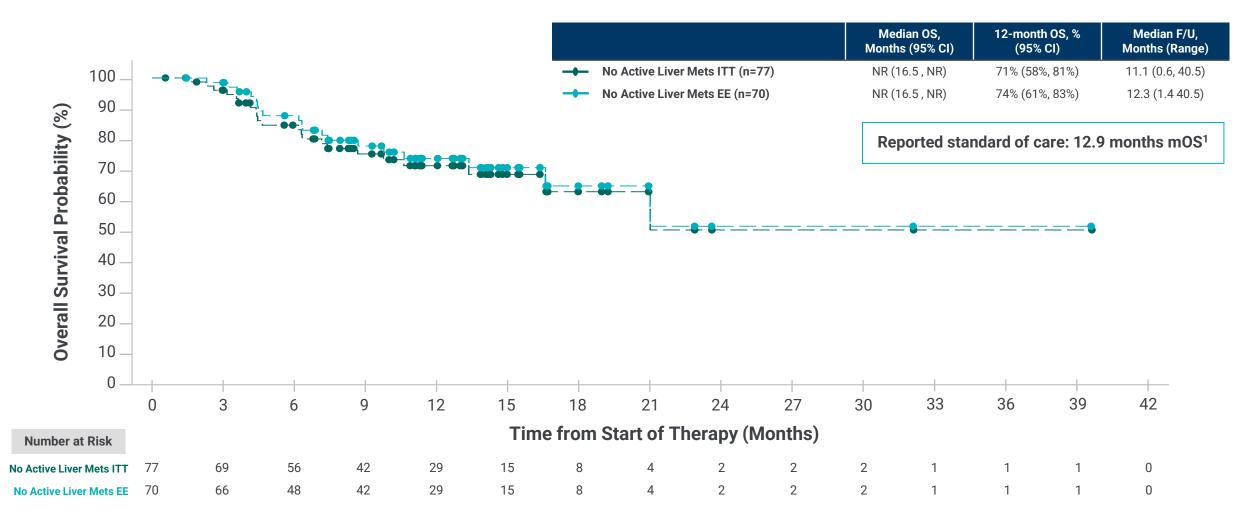
In the intent to treat (ITT) population with no active liver metastases (n=77), ORR was 22% and DCR was 73%

Reported standard of care: 2.8% ORR<sup>1</sup>



#### ENHANCED OVERALL SURVIVAL IN 2/3L+ METASTATIC MSS CRC NLM

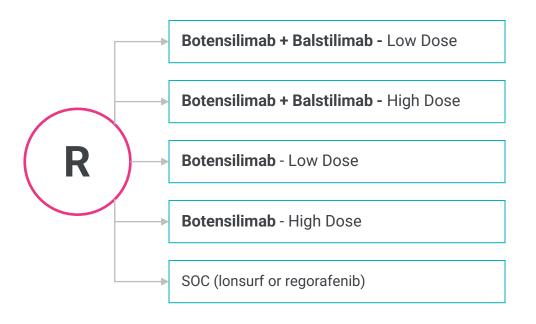
Median follow up 12.3 months; median overall survival (mOS) not yet reached





#### PHASE 2 STUDY IN REFRACTORY 2/3L+ METASTATIC MSS CRC NLM

Ongoing global, randomized phase 2 study, enrollment competed October 2023



#### **Objective**

- Dose optimization
- Contribution of components

## Patient Population

- 2/3L+ MSS colorectal adenocarcinoma that is refractory to chemotherapy
- No active liver mets (NLM)

## **Target Endpoints**

- Primary: ORR
- Secondary: DOR, Progression Free Survival (PFS), OS, Safety, Pharmacokinetics (PK)/Immunogenicity

agenus

#### **GO-TO-MARKET STRATEGY**

Experienced leadership team in place to deliver successful launch of BOT upon approval

#### Clinical Team with I/O Pioneers

- ✓ KOL relationships across 40+ countries facilitating scientific exchange
- ✓ 25+ podium & clinical presentations at major medical conferences
- ✓ Pls from the top cancer centers (Dana Farber, City of Hope, Weill Cornell etc.)



Chief Medical Officer
Steven O'Day



VP, Clinical Development

Joseph Grossman

BethIsrael Deaconess

#### **Extensive Medical Affairs Engagement**

- ✓ **25+ FTEs with big pharma and biotech experience** (BMS, Amgen, BeiGene, Turning Point, Agios etc.)
- ✓ Multiple KOL meetings at ASCO 2023 and ESMO 2023 with major tertiary care research centers in US, EU, Japan and CIS
- ✓ Extensive engagement with globally-renowned GI & CRC oncologists as investigators on Phase 1 & 2 studies



Chief Medical Affairs Officer

Nils Eckardt

BeiGene TESARO



Chief Strategic Advisor
Todd Yancey

Bei



#### **Commercial Preparedness**

- ✓ Robust planning for commercial launch
- Fully integrated cGMP manufacturing capabilities underway



Chief Commercial Officer
Robin Taylor
Genentech AstraZeneca



Chief Manufacturing Officer
Al Dadson

#### FULLY INTEGRATED COMMERICAL CGMP MANUFACTURING FACILITY

#### Agenus West (Emeryville, CA)

- ~83,000 sq foot commercial cGMP facility
- Enhances operational flexibility and efficiency through end-to-end clinical and commercial production:
  - Drug substance manufacturing
  - Drug product fill/finish
  - Visual Inspection
  - Packaging & labeling
  - Distribution
  - Warehousing









#### **BOT+BAL HAS THE POTENTIAL TO BECOME A BACKBONE CRC THERAPY**

Initial opportunity in NLM subpopulation in late-line setting with clinical data being generated in earlier treatment settings

### **U.S./EU5 CRC Patients Treated Annually** 2/3 L+ MSS, NLM only ~13,000 Initial U.S. + EU5 **Opportunity** 11 MSS ~119,000 Neoadiuvant\* MSS and MSI-High ~142,000

#### 2/3L+ MSS CRC

- >300 patients treated with BOT/BAL
  - ORR: 24%; 74% 12-month OS; mOS: not reached (n=70)
- Fast Track designation granted by FDA
- BLA filing planned mid 2024

#### 1L MSS

- Planned Phase 3 confirmatory study (pending regulatory alignment)
- BOT/BAL + Bevacizumab + FOLFOX vs. Bevacizumab + FOLFOX
- Investigator Sponsored Trial (IST) ongoing @ City of Hope (NCT05627635) designed to evaluate tolerability with chemo

#### Neoadjuvant MSS and MSI-H

- Treatment with BOT/BAL pre-surgery
- IST ongoing @ Weill-Cornell in MSS & MSI-H CRC (NCT05571293)
- IST expanding; initial data at ESMO 2023 event; data readout expected in 2Q 2024



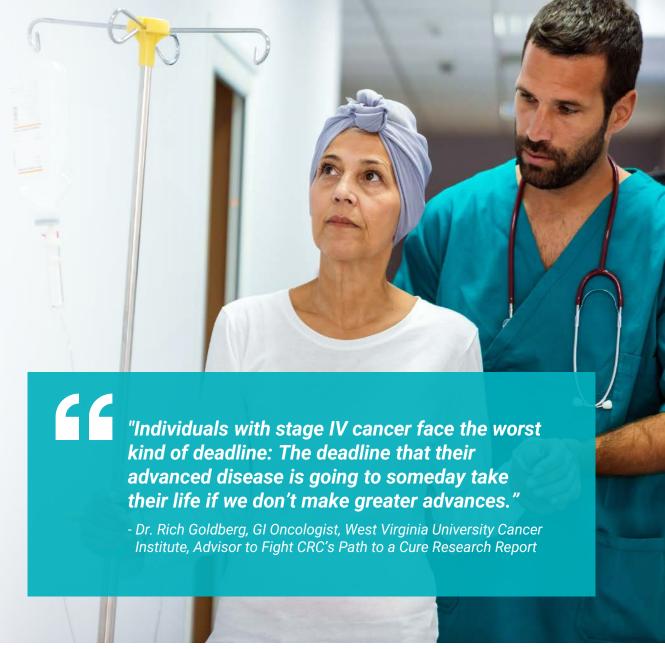
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# PATIENT CHALLENGES IN METASTATIC, LATE-LINE SETTINGS

Colon cancer spreads most often to the liver, sometimes the lungs and less often to the abdomen and other areas. Treatment options vary by patient but can be invasive and taxing, potentially including:

- Colectomy to remove the colon tumor
- Colostomy with colostomy bag to remove waste
- Surgery and ablation for liver and lung tumors
- Nerve damage from chemotherapy
- Radiation-induced menopause
- Radiation-induced bone loss



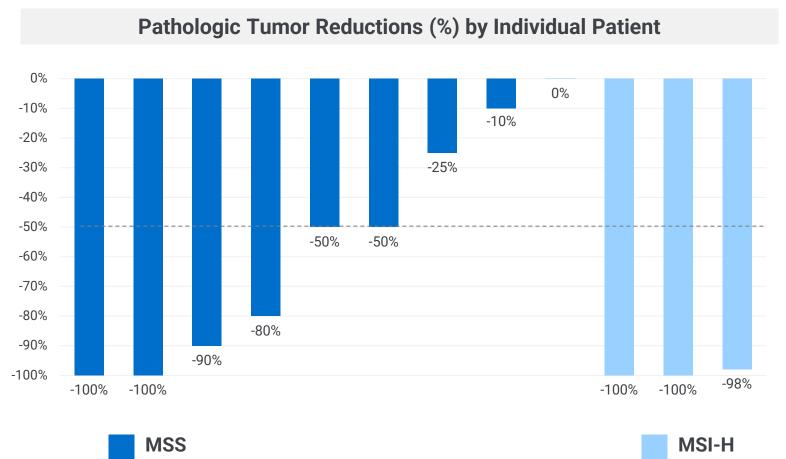
#### **EXPANSION INTO EARLIER TREATMENT LINES IN MSS CRC**

Investigator sponsored studies support ongoing development and registrational strategy

Institution	IST / Disease Setting	Anticipated Data Readout
Cityof Hope  Marwan Fakih, MD	1L MSS CRC BOT/BAL + Bev + FOLFOX vs. Bev + FOLFOX	• 1H 2024
Weill Cornell Medicine  Pashtoon Kasi, MD	Neoadjuvant MSS & MSI-H CRC BOT/BAL pre-surgery	<ul> <li>4Q 2023 Pilot study (n=12)</li> <li>Pilot study submitted to 2024 medical meeting</li> <li>Updated data in 2Q 2024</li> </ul>

#### "WINDOW OF OPPORTUNITY" NEOADJUVANT CRC: PROMISING RESULTS

Treatment with one dose of BOT and two doses of BAL led to significant tumor reduction within approximately four weeks; well tolerated



#### **Topline Results**

6/9 (67%)

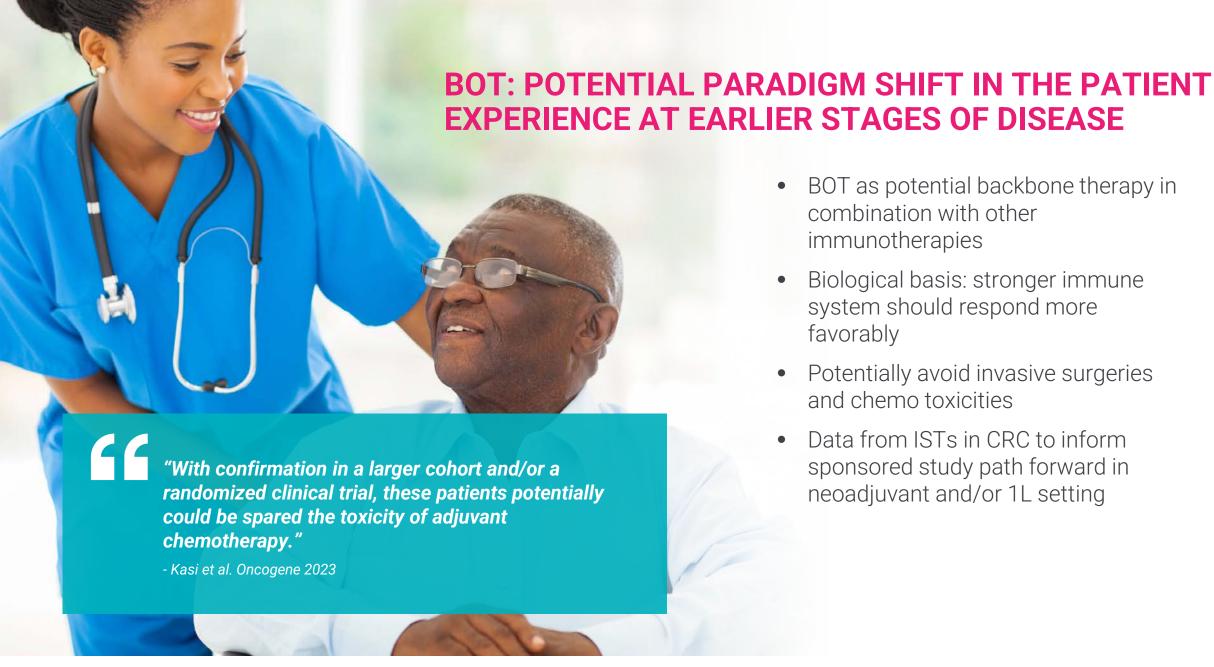
patients with MSS CRC had pathologic responses (≥50%)

3/3 (100%)

patients with MSI-High CRC had major pathologic responses (≥90%)

Robust immunogenic pathologic response ("inside-out" phenomenon)

No safety signals or delay in surgery due to treatment

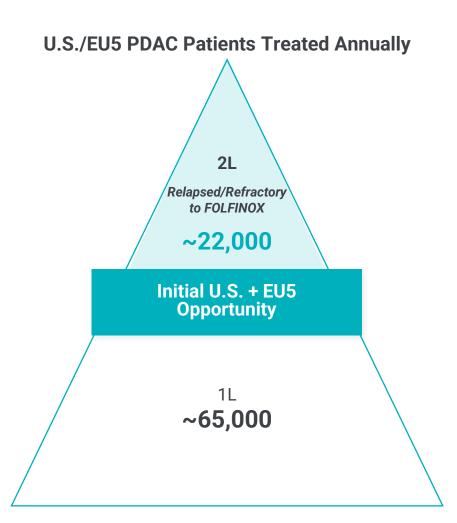


- BOT as potential backbone therapy in combination with other immunotherapies
- Biological basis: stronger immune system should respond more favorably
- Potentially avoid invasive surgeries and chemo toxicities
- Data from ISTs in CRC to inform sponsored study path forward in neoadjuvant and/or 1L setting

#### **BOT+BAL: REMARKABLE RESPONSES IN RESISTANT PATIENTS**

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#### **BOT + CHEMO AS POTENTIAL BACKBONE 2L PANCREATIC THERAPY**



#### **2L Pancreatic Cancer**

- Phase 2 with BOT + gem/Abraxane (n=60)
- High unmet need: SOC has <15% ORR, 7-8 month median overall survival
- Potential sBLA filing 2025

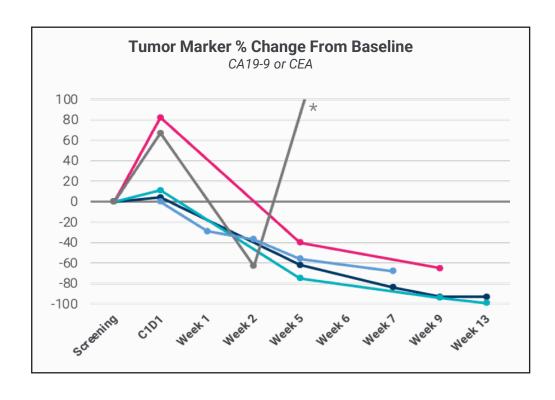
#### **1L Pancreatic Cancer**

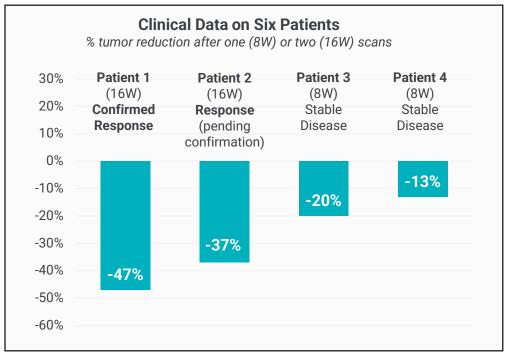
Potential registrational study: BOT + SOC (FOLFIRINOX) vs. FOLFIRINOX



#### CLINICAL DATA IN 2L PANCREATIC CANCER

Patients (n=6) dosed with 150mg BOT + gem/abraxane after FOLFIRINOX failure for metastatic disease; all patients had liver metastases





\*5<sup>th</sup> patient had clinical progression and is now off study 6<sup>th</sup> patient is awaiting their first scan



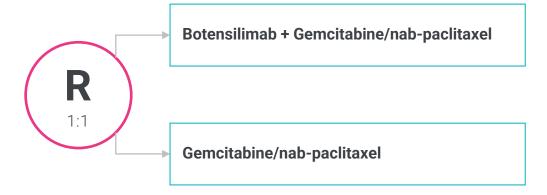
#### PHASE 2 ONGOING IN 2L PANCREATIC CANCER

Designed to address key regulatory requirements

#### Part A (Safety Lead-In)

- DLT evaluable patients get high dose or low dose depending on DLTs observed
- Determine Part B dose

#### Part B (Randomization)



#### **Objective**

- Dose optimization
- Contribution of components

# Patient Population

 2L metastatic Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma (mPDAC) post FOLFIRINOX

# Target Endpoints

- Primary: PFS
- Secondary: DOR, PFS, ORR, Safety, PK/Immunogenicity



#### **BOT+BAL AS BACKBONE MELANOMA THERAPY**

# **U.S./EU5 Melanoma Patients Treated Annually** 2L+ Relapsed/Refractory to IPI/NIVO ~6,000 Initial U.S. + EU5 **Opportunity** 11 ~22,000

#### 2L+ Melanoma

- High unmet need: no established standard of care in I-O relapsed/refractory setting
- Phase 2 results are expected in the second half of 2024, with BOT monotherapy enrollment complete and approximately 30 patients enrolled in the BOT+BAL cohort
- Currently defining strategies for the rapid enrollment of BOT in patients who are refractory to current I-O treatments

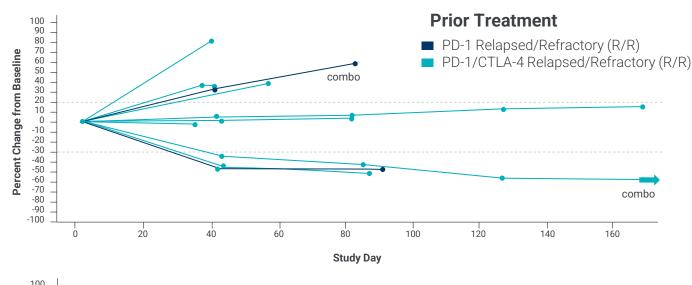
#### 1L Melanoma

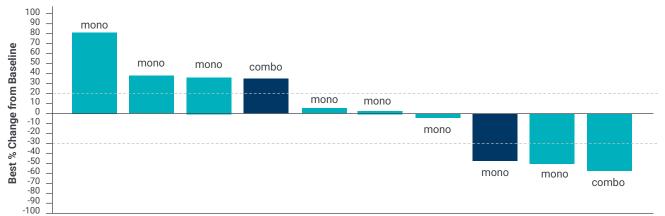
Registrational study consideration: BOT+BAL vs. 1L SOC



#### BOT AND BOT+BAL RESPONSES IN CTLA-4/PD-1 R/R (2L+) MELANOMA

Cutaneous melanoma patients receiving BOT monotherapy or BOT+BAL combination





Cutaneous 2L+ Melanoma  Efficacy Evaluable (First study n=10)					
ORR, %		30%			
BOR, n (%)					
CR		0 (0)			
PR		3 (30)			
SD		3 (30)			
PD		4 (40)			
DCR (CR + PI	R + SD), %	60%			
Responses o	ngoing	33%			
D-1 R/R	1/2 = 50% ORR	(10-15% for ipi <sup>1</sup> )			
TLA-4/PD-1 R/R	2/8 = 25% ORR	(n/a for ipi¹)			

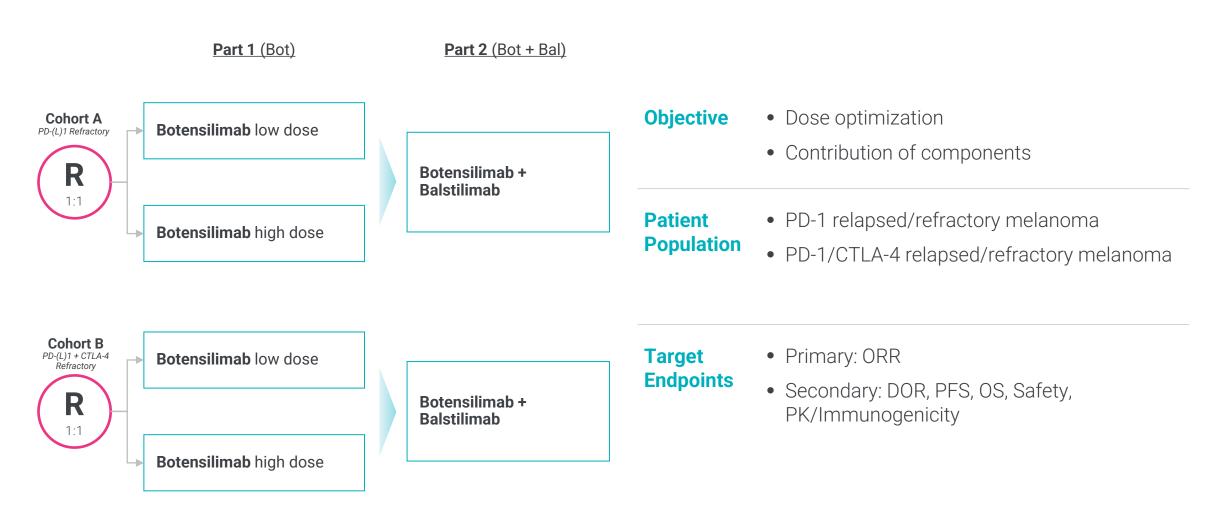
#### BOT MONOTHERAPY RESPONSES IN CTLA-4/PD-1 R/R (2L+) MELANOMA

Demonstration of BOT differentiated profile

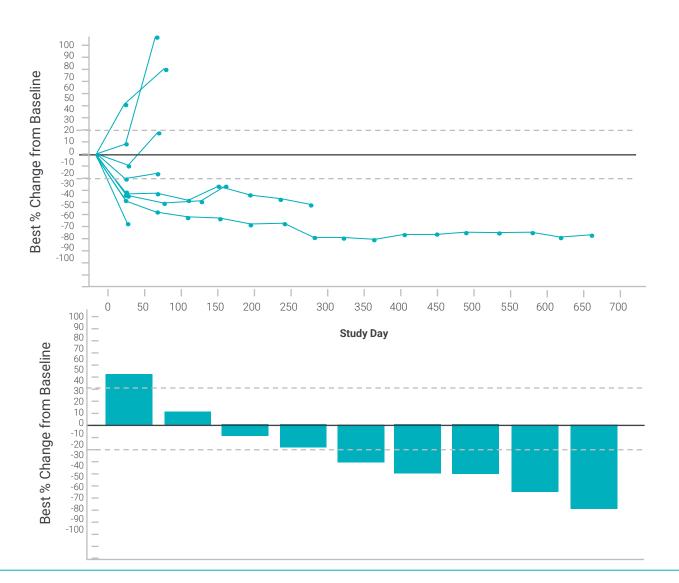
	Dose	BRAF	Prior Tx	BORR	BORR%	Sites
<b>Phase 1</b> C800-01	High Dose	Mutant	<ol> <li>BRAF + MEK inhibtor</li> <li>anti-PD-1</li> <li>anti-CTLA-4 + anti-PD-1</li> </ol>	PR	-50%	Adrenal, Inguinal, Oral/ Cervical
	High Dose	Mutant	<ol> <li>anti-PD-1</li> <li>anti-CTLA-4 + anti-PD-1</li> <li>BRAF + MEK inhibtor</li> </ol>	PR*	-65%	<b>Liver</b> , Lungs, Soft Tissue
<b>Phase 2</b> C800-23	High Dose	WT	<ol> <li>anti-PD-1</li> <li>anti-CTLA-4 + anti-PD-1</li> </ol>	PR	-48%	<b>Liver</b> , Soft Tissue
	High Dose	WT	<ol> <li>anti-PD-1</li> <li>anti-CTLA-4</li> <li>anti-PD-1 + anti-LAG3</li> </ol>	PR*	-60%	Skin only
	Low Dose	WT	1. anti-PD-1 2. anti-CTLA-4	PR*	-39%	Lungs, Thoracic Nodes

#### PHASE 2 ONGOING IN CTLA-4/PD-1 R/R (2L+) MELANOMA

Designed to address key regulatory requirements



#### **BOT+BAL: RESPONSES FROM PHASE 1 IN 2L+ NSCLC**



Efficacy Evaluable (n=9)					
ORR, %	56%				
BOR, n (%)					
CR	0 (0)				
PR	5 (56)				
SD	3 (33)				
PD	1 (11)				
DCR (CR + PR + SD), %	89%				

Reported standard of care: 14% ORR<sup>1</sup>

#### **Current Status & Go-forward Plan**

- With 46 patients enrolled in the Phase 1b expansion, initial readout expected mid 2024
- In the process of designing trials to support rapid approval in patients who are refractory to PD-1, as well as patients with mutations



#### **BOT+BAL: POTENTIAL BLA FILINGS**

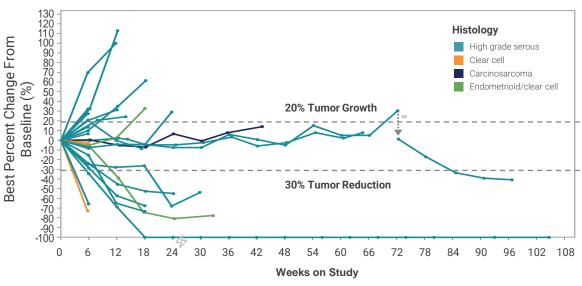
Based on promising clinical signal across treatment settings

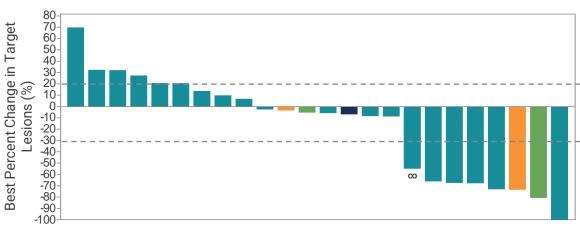
Treatment Setting	BOT/BAL Highlights	Development Plan	US + EU5 Patients <sup>1</sup>
2/3L+ MSS CRC NLM	Data in >300 Patients Fast Track Designation Granted	<ul> <li>U.S. and EU Regulatory interactions ongoing</li> <li>Planned U.S. BLA filing mid 2024</li> <li>Planned EU Marketing Authorization filing 2025</li> </ul>	13,000
2L Pancreatic	Tumor and Biomarker Reduction in Majority of Patients	<ul> <li>Anticipated 1H 2024 Phase 2 data update</li> <li>Potential path to accelerated filing in 2025</li> </ul>	22,000
2L+ Melanoma	Confirmed Responses in PD-1/CTLA-4 Failures	<ul> <li>Anticipated 2H 2024 Phase 2 data update</li> <li>Potential path to accelerated filing in 2025</li> </ul>	6,000
2L+ NSCLC	Responses in PD(L)-1 Refractory Patients	Anticipated mid 2024 data update	103,000
Neoadjuvant MSS CRC	Significant Pathologic Responses	Evaluating study designs for potential registration	142,000
TOTAL			286,000

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#### **BOT+BAL: ROBUST RESPONSE IN PLATINUM REFRACTORY OVARIAN CANCER**

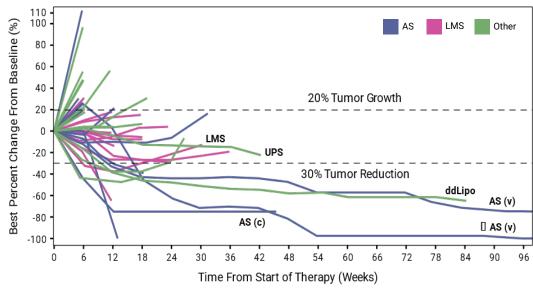


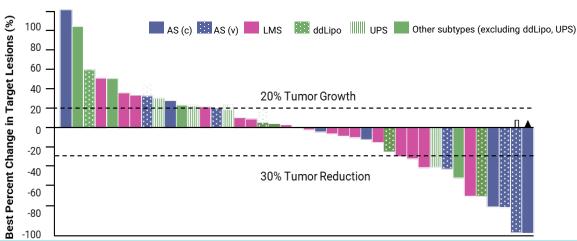


Efficacy Evaluable (n=24)				
ORR, %*	<b>33</b> % (95% CI, 15.6-55.3%)			
BOR, n (%)				
CR	1* (4)			
PR	7* (29)			
SD	8 (33)			
PD	8 (33)			
DCR (CR + PR + SD), %	<b>67</b> % (95% CI, 44.7-84.4%)			
Median DOR, months	NR (4.2-NR)			
Median F/U, months	6.9 (Range, 1.7-29.2)			

#### **BOT+BAL: CLINICAL SIGNAL ACROSS REFRACTORY SARCOMAS**

Robust activity in heterogenous sarcoma population





Efficacy Evaluable (N=41)*	iRECIST	RECIST v1.1
ORR <sup>†</sup> , % (95% CI)	<b>20%</b> (9-35)	<b>17%</b> (7–32)
1mg/kg (n=27)	15%	11%
2mg/kg (n=14)	29%	29%
BOR, n (%)		
CR	0	0
PR	8 (20)	7 (17)
SD	18 (44)	18 (44)
PD	15 (37)	16 (39)
Median DOR, months (95% CI)	<b>19.4</b> (1.9–NR)	<b>11.8</b> (1.9–NR)
DCR (CR + PR + SD), % (95% CI)	<b>63%</b> (47-78)	<b>61%</b> (45–76)
CBR (CR + PR + SD at 6 months), % (95% CI)	<b>27%</b> (14-43)	<b>24%</b> (12-40)
6-month PFS, % (95% CI)	<b>40%</b> (23–57)	<b>37%</b> (20-54)



#### **BOT+BAL: MANAGEABLE TOXICITY**

TRAEs of ≥ 10% related to BOT; data from expanded Phase 1b study

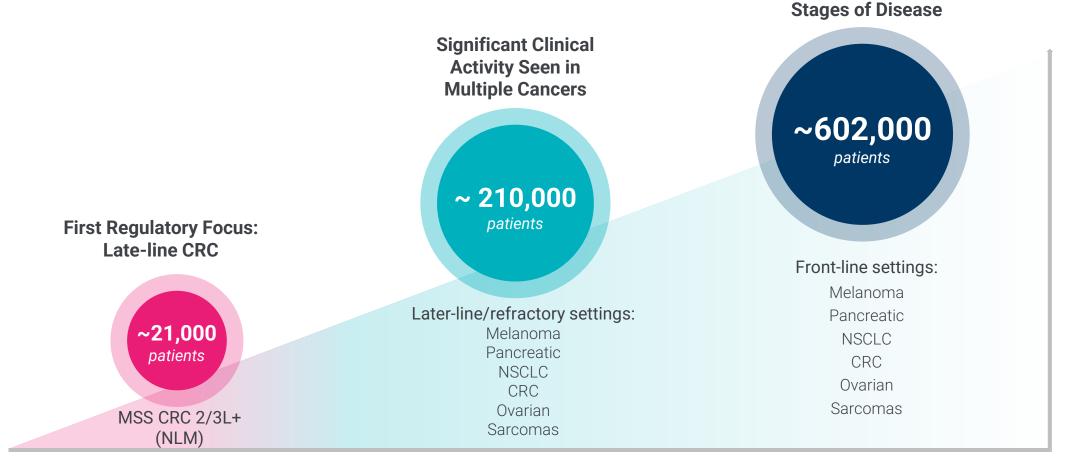
All Patients Treated with BOT+BAL Combo at 1mg/kg or 2mg/kg BOT (n = 255)					
n (%)	All Grade	Grade 3	Grade 4		
Any TRAE	204 (80)	70 (27)	5 (2)		
GASTROINTESTINAL					
Immune-mediated diarrhea/colitis*	84 (33)	36 (14)	1 (0)		
Nausea	49 (19)	5 (2)	0 (0)		
Vomiting	28 (11)	3 (1)	0 (0)		
CONSTITUTIONAL					
Chills	40 (16)	0 (0)	0 (0)		
Decreased appetite	45 (18)	0 (0)	0 (0)		
Fatigue	73 (29)	6 (2)	0 (0)		
Pyrexia	44 (17)	4 (2)	0 (0)		
SKIN					
Pruritus	38 (15)	0 (0)	0 (0)		
Rash Maculo-Papular	37 (15)	3 (1)	0 (0)		
MUSCULOSKELETAL					
Arthralgia	29 (11)	1 (0)	0 (0)		



# COMMERCIAL OPPORTUNITY

#### **BLOCKBUSTER MARKET POTENTIAL**

Near term opportunity in late-line setting with expansion opportunities into earlier lines



MID-TERM

**NEAR-TERM** 

**Expansion into Earlier** 

**LONG-TERM** 

#### **ACHIEVEMENTS & UPCOMING CATALYSTS**

2023	1H 2024	Mid 2024	2H 2024	2025
<ul> <li>✓ Data from Phase 1b: 2/3L+ MSS CRC (ASCO GI 2023)</li> <li>✓ Data from Phase 1b: ovarian cancer (SGO 2023)</li> <li>✓ Fast Track designation from U.S. FDA for BOT/BAL in CRC (April 2023)</li> <li>✓ Data from Phase 1b: 2/3L+ MSS CRC (ESMO GI 2023)</li> <li>✓ Phase 2 CRC enrollment completed (October 2023)</li> <li>✓ Data from Phase 1b: advanced sarcomas (ESMO 2023)</li> <li>✓ Data from CRC, pancreatic, lung, melanoma studies (Corporate Event, ESMO 2023)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phase 2 Data: 2L Pancreatic</li> <li>Phase 1b Data: 2/3L+ MSS CRC</li> <li>IST Data: 1L MSS CRC</li> <li>IST Data (Expanded): Neoadjuvant CRC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Planned BLA filing:         2/3L+ MSS CRC</li> <li>Phase 1b Data:         PD-(L)1 +/-         chemotherapy         relapsed/refractory         2L+ NSCLC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Phase 2 Data: 2L+ Melanoma</li> <li>Phase 2 Data: 2/3L+ MSS CRC</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Potential sBLA filing: Pancreatic</li> <li>Potential sBLA filing: Melanoma</li> </ul>

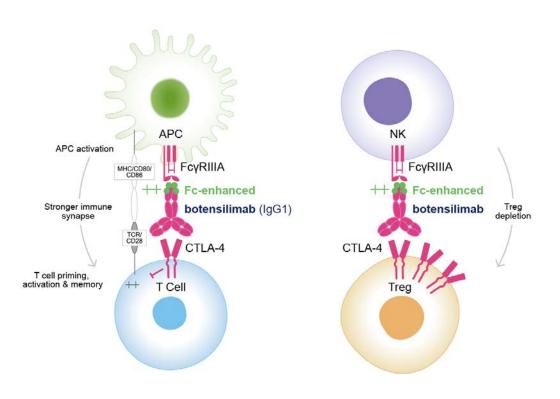
#### **BOT+BAL: REMARKABLE RESPONSES IN RESISTANT PATIENTS**

- 1 Planned BLA Filing Mid 2024 for BOT+BAL in 2/3L+ Metastatic MSS Colorectal Cancer (CRC)
- 2 Opportunity to Significantly Improve Patient Benefit in Stage 3 Neoadjuvant CRC
- 3 Potential for Multiple Supplemental BLA Filings: Pancreatic (2025), Melanoma (2025), Lung (NSCLC)
- 4 Compelling Clinical Responses in Advanced Metastatic Solid Tumors: Ovarian, Sarcomas
- 5 Novel Immune Activator to Deliver Improved Treatments

#### **BOT: MULTI-FUNCTIONAL ANTI-CTLA-4 IMMUNE ACTIVATOR**

Harnesses the surveillance, killing, and memory power of the immune system to eliminate cancer

#### **BOT Mechanism of Action**



#### "Turning Cold Tumors Hot"

- Primes and expands T cells to eradicate tumor
- Activates Natural Killer (NK) cells, and antigen presenting cells (APCs) to identify and attack the cancer
- Reduces regulatory T cells that suppress the activity of cytotoxic (tumor killing) T cells
- Establishes memory with T cells and dendritic cells



# **Additional Clinical Portfolio Highlights**

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#### **CLINICAL STAGE PIPELINE**

Diverse portfolio targeting complementary mechanisms of the cancer immunity cycle

	Mechanism/target	Product Candidate	Partner	Phase 1	Phase 2
Majority /	Fc-enhanced CTLA-4 +/- PD-1	Botensilimab +/- Balstilimab		Non MSI-H colorectal cancer	
fully owned	Fc-enhanced CTLA-4 +/- PD-1	Botensilimab +/- Balstilimab		PD-1 r/r melanoma	
pipeline	Fc-enhanced CTLA-4 + chemo	Botensilimab +/- Chemotherapy		Pancreatic (w/chemo)	
11.	CD137 + Fc-enhanced CTLA-4	AGEN2373 + Botensilimab		PD-1 r/r melanoma	
	CD137	AGEN2373	GILEAD Option program	Solid tumors	
Temporarily	PD-1 +/- CTLA-4	Balstilimab +/- Zalifrelimab	Greater China	Cervical (2 <sup>nd</sup> line)	
Paused	ILT2 +/- PD-1 +/- CTLA-4	AGEN1571 +/- Balstilimab +/- Botensilimab		Solid tumors	
Partner	ILT4	MK-4830		NSCLC, ES-SCLC, EC, melanoma, CRC	C, RCC, ovarian
directed	TIM-3	INCAGN2390	Incyte	PD-1 r/r melanoma, SCCHN, endome	trial
pipeline	LAG-3	INCAGN2385	Iricyte	PD-1 r/r melanoma, SCCHN, endome	trial
	TIGIT (bispecific)	BMS-986442	H Bristol Myers Squibb	NSCLC and solid tumors	
	RTGel™ + CTLA-4	UGN-301	UroGen	NMIBC	
	EP4 + PD-1	CR6086 + Balstilimab	3	Non MCI U coloractal concer	
Clinical			ROTTAPHARM	Non-MSI-H-colorectal cancer	
collaborations	Hedgehog + CTLA-4	NLM001 + Zalifrelimab	<b>№</b> Nelum	Pancreatic cancer	
	CD205 + PD-1	OBT076 + Balstilimab	BioTherapeutics	Solid tumors	

#### TRACK RECORD OF VALUE CREATION THROUGH STRATEGIC PARTNERHSIPS

Seven ongoing corporate collaborations with oncology industry leaders

\$825M

received from partnerships and transactions

\$2.5B in potential future milestone payments, in addition to royalties

	ر <sup>ااا</sup> Bristol Myers Squibb ّ	<b>GILEAD</b>	Incyte	<b>UroGen</b> Pharma	BETTA PHARMACEUTICALS	MERCK	gsk
Programs	BMS-986442	AGEN2373	INCAGN2390 INCAGN2385	Zalifrelimab (local delivery in urinary tract)	Balstilimab & zalifrelimab (Greater China)	MK-4830	QS-21 STIMULON™
Remaining Milestones	\$1.34B	\$570M	\$315M	\$200M	\$100M	\$85M	
Royalties	Up to mid-teens	Up to mid-teens	Up to low double-digit	Up to low-twenties	Up to low-twenties	Undisclosed	

#### AGEN2373: SELECTIVE CD137 TARGETING ANTIBODY

Status: Phase 1b combination study with botensilimab ongoing in PD-1 relapsed/refractory melanoma

# **Conditionally Active Design**

- CD137 is an important pathway for antitumor immunity due to its ability to enhance T cell and NK cell proliferation, cytokine secretion, and cellular cytotoxicity
- However, clinical CD137 antibodies have been limited by liver toxicity caused by systemic CD137 activation
- AGEN2373 selectively enhances tumor immunity within the tumor microenvironment to mitigate side effects associated with systemic CD137 activation

# **Clinical Highlights**

- Data presented at ASCO (June 2023) highlighted monotherapy responses with well tolerated safety profile
- No liver or any related high-grade toxicities reported

### **Development Plans**

 Phase 1b ongoing in combination with botensilimab in PD-1 relapsed / refractory melanoma

#### **Gilead Partnership**

- Gilead has exclusive option to license AGEN2373 until receipt of data package from the Phase 1b study
- \$177.5M received from Gilead for upfront and achieved milestones
- \$50M option exercise fee
- \$520M in potential milestone payments
- Up to mid-teens royalties
- Agenus opt-in right to co-fund development and commercialization in exchange for:
  - 50:50 U.S. profit share
  - U.S. co-commercialization rights

#### BMS-986442 (AGEN1777): FC-ENHANCED TIGIT BISPECIFIC

Status: Phase 1/2 combination study ongoing with nivolumab +/- chemotherapy in patients with NSCLC and gastric cancer

BMS R&D Day (Sept. 2023) highlights progress and prioritization of BMS-986442 program; disclosed second TIGIT target (CD96)

## Bispecific Design

- Targets major inhibitory receptors expressed on T and NK cells to improve anti-tumor activity
- Potential to address tumors where anti-PD-1 or anti-TIGIT monospecific antibodies alone are ineffective

## Fc Enhanced Design

- Fc engineering promotes single agent anti-tumor immunity
- Potential to expand benefit of TIGIT therapy to ~40% patients with a common genetic predisposition (low affinity FcyRIIIA)

## **Development Plans**

- Phase 1 dose escalation completed in solid tumors
- Phase 1/2
   combination study
   ongoing with
   nivolumab +/ chemotherapy in
   patients with
   NSCLC and gastric
   cancer

#### **BMS Partnership**

- BMS has exclusive worldwide license to BMS-986442
- \$220M received from BMS for upfront and achieved milestones
- \$1.34B in future milestone payments
- **Double-digit to mid-teens** royalties
- Options for co-development:
  - Conduct clinical studies under the development plan
  - Access BMS-986442 for certain pipeline combination studies
- Option to co-fund a minority of global development costs for increased U.S. royalties up to the low-twenties percent
- Option for **U.S. co-promotion**

#### MK-4830: FIRST-IN-CLASS ILT4 ANTAGONIST ANTIBODY

**Status:** Phase 2 studies ongoing in 8 tumor types

#### **Design**

- First-in-class human IgG4 monoclonal antibody targeting the myeloid-specific ILT4 receptor
- Catalyzes reprogramming of tumor-associated macrophages, relieving myelosuppression and enhancing T cell function

#### Clinical Highlights

- MK-4830 +/pembrolizumab confirmed
  responses in gastric,
  colorectal, head & neck,
  Merkel cell, ovarian,
  NSCLC, sarcoma, and
  papillary thyroid cancers
- 24% response rate observed for MK-4830 + pembrolizumab combination across tumor types in dose escalation study
- All responses maintained for ≥ 6 months
- Well tolerated; no DLTs or treatment-related deaths

### **Development Plans**

 Phase 2 studies ongoing in NSCLC, ovarian, small cell lung cancer, esophageal cancer, MSI-H CRC, renal cell carcinoma, and melanoma

#### **Merck Partnership**

- Merck has an exclusive worldwide license to MK-4830
- \$20M received from Merck for upfront and achieved milestones
- \$85M in potential milestone payments
- Royalties on worldwide net sales

# Agenus Subsidiaries: MiNK & SaponiQx

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#### MINK THERAPEUTICS (NASDAQ:INKT): ALLOGENEIC CELL THERAPY

Pioneering allogeneic iNKT cell therapies for oncology and other immune-mediated diseases

#### **iNKTs Bridge Adaptive and Innate Immune Systems**

 Directly attack cancer cells, recruit host immunity, and reshape tumor microenvironment

#### **Encouraging Phase I Data in Cancer and ARDS**

- Clinical benefit of iNKTs +/- anti-PD-1 in heavily pre-treated solid tumor patients refractory to standard of care.
- 70% survival in elderly mechanically ventilated patients with severe ARDS secondary to COVID-19 compared to 10% case control.

#### **Native and Engineered iNKT Programs**

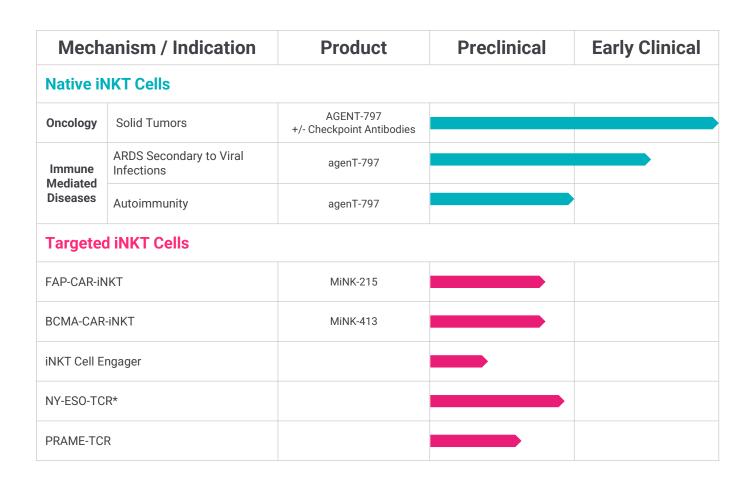
- · iNKT cells engineered with CARs
- Bispecific iNKT cell engagers

#### **Proprietary Manufacturing at Scale**

 Highly efficient isolation process from healthy donors with potential to generate >10,000 doses per year

#### **Access to Validated Immuno-oncology Therapies**

· Combinations with Agenus' immuno-oncology antibodies





#### SAPONIQX: DESIGNED TO BE AN INTEGRATED VACCINE PLATFORM

Supplying existing demand for delivery of novel adjuvants

Discovery of novel adjuvants enabling superior vaccines

#### **Foundation**

Tree Bark Based STIMULON QS21

#### **Generation I**

- Natural product extracted from a rare tree in Chile
- Adjuvant component of SHINGRIX and MOSQUIRIX

#### **Enabler**

Cultured Plant Cell (cpc) STIMULON QS21

#### **Generation II**

- Secure supply chain with consistent quality and scalable production
- GMP material available
- FDA Master File Submitted

#### **Future**

STIMULON Saponin Catalog

#### **Generation III**

- Production of diverse saponins in partnership with Ginkgo Bioworks
- Harnessing the power of Al and Generative Molecular Design to create bespoke adjuvants to elicit tailored immune responses

#### **Solutions**

STIMULON Integrated Vaccines

#### **Generation IV**

- Modular vaccine platform integrating antigen, adjuvant and carrier
- Designed to address pandemic threats



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